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PPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/605,599	10/11/2003	Peter A. Hogenson	BOE 0435 PA	2598	
27256 7:	590 11/29/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
ARTZ & ART	ſZ, P.C.		RADI, J	OHN A	
28333 TELEGI	RAPH RD.	•			
SUITE 250			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
SOUTHFIELD, MI 48034			3641		

DATE MAILED: 11/29/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/605,599	HOGENSON ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	John A. Radi	3641	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE!	I. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>03 M</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
 4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 23-27 is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-22 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or 	n from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accomplished any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine	epted or b) objected to by the liderawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document: 2. Certified copies of the priority document: 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document: application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Di 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:		

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- 1. Claims 1-14, and 15-22 are drawn to a Cryogenic Fuel Tank Assembly, classified in class 244, subclass 13.
- II. Claims 23-27, are drawn to a method for cryogenically insulating a tank, classified in class 220, subclass 560.03.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions I and II are related as process of making and product made.

The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the fuel tank assembly can be made by applying the foam assembly to the inside of a fuel tank wall as opposed to the outside of a fuel tank wall.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

During a telephone conversation with Thomas Donohue on November 23, 2005 a provisional election was made without traverse to prosecute the invention of invention I, claims 1-14, and 15-22. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 23-27 are withdrawn from

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further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Moore (US 20030024934). Moore discloses a cryogenic tank wall (20), a foam assembly (40) affixed to said tank wall (20), a first solid film bonded to outer surface (50) to provide a uniform outer bonding surface; and a thermal protection system (30) bonded to outer bonding surface.

Claim 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Rosen et al. (US 6868981) which discloses a light weight cryogenic tank wall (12, 15) on which is bonded a honeycomb assembly (14) sandwiched between layers

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of foam (col. 3, lines 1-3), which act as a solid bonding layer, to which a thermal protection system is bonded (15, and 17).

Claims 1, 5-15, 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Middleton et al (US 3365897) which discloses a tank wall (19), foam assembly (23), film layers bonded to inner (29) and outer surface (33), and thermal protection (51) assembly bonded outside of those. The foam assembly of Middleton further comprises a honeycomb layer (23), and silicone and polyurethane adhesive layers (31, 37), and an impact resistant outer layer (51, 39), wherein the impact layer comprises glass fabric (39 is fiberglass cloth).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 2-4, and 16, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Middleton as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Weiser et al (US 6133330) and Merrill et al. (US 20040048049).

Middleton discloses the invention as described above with respect to claim 1, but Middleton doesn't teach whereas the foam layer consists of a layer of polyimide foam or polyurethane foam. The use of polyimides and polyurethane foam as insulating materials is well known in the art of insulators and cryogenic tanks. Weiser et al. discloses the use of polyimide foam as an insulating material

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in cryogenic tanks in the aerospace industry (paragraphs 1-3 in Background of the Invention). Merrill et al. discloses a thermal barrier composed of a multiple layers containing a polyurethane foam (paragraph 0038). Because Middleton discloses a cryogenic tank made of multiple layers, and because Merrill and Weiser teach the sue of polyimides and polyurethanes as polymer based insulative materials, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of invention to build a cryogenic tank as disclosed by Middleton with the materials as disclosed by Weiser and Merrill. Furthermore, such a combination would have been obvious because it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See attached form PTO-892 for a complete listing of prior art drawn towards similar cryogenic tanks.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John A. Radi whose telephone number is 571-272-5883. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael J. Carone can be reached on 571-272-6873. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John A. Radi Patent Examiner Art Unit 3641

UPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINED